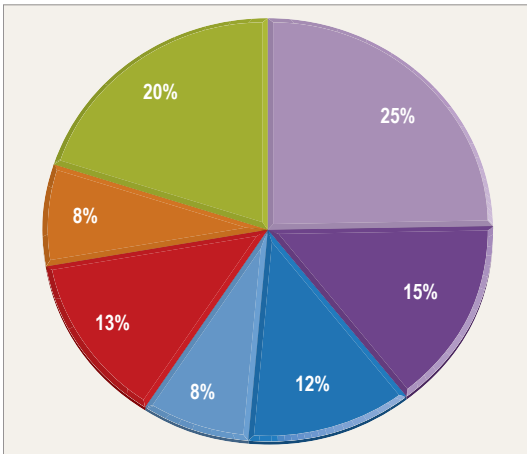


Causes of maternal deaths worldwide

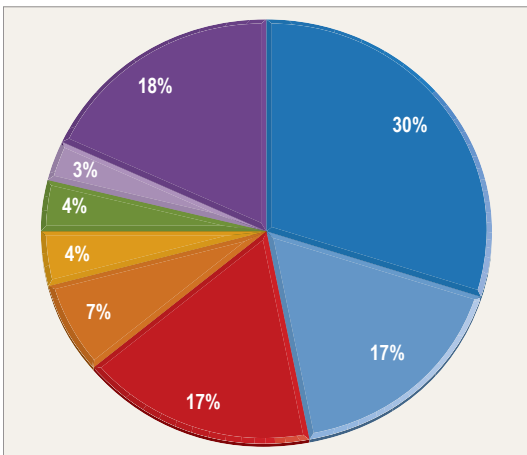


- Severe bleeding (25%) (haemorrhage)
- Infections (15%)
- Eclampsia (12%)
- Obstructed labour (8%)
- Unsafe abortion (13%)
- Other direct causes (8%)
- Indirect causes (20%)

The major causes of maternal deaths worldwide are severe bleeding (25%), infections (15%), eclampsia - seizures/fits often following a pregnancy-related rise in blood pressure, (12%), obstructed labour - when the neck of the womb is fully open but the baby will not come out (8%), unsafe abortion (13%), other direct causes (8%) and indirect causes (20%), including AIDS, malaria and pulmonary embolus - a blood clot in the lungs or ectopic pregnancy, where a pregnancy occurs outside the womb. Sever anemia contributes to the risk of death in cases of haemorrhage. Maternal anemia affects globally about half of all pregnant women.

Source: *The World Health Report 2005. Making every mother and child count.*

Causes of under-5 child deaths worldwide

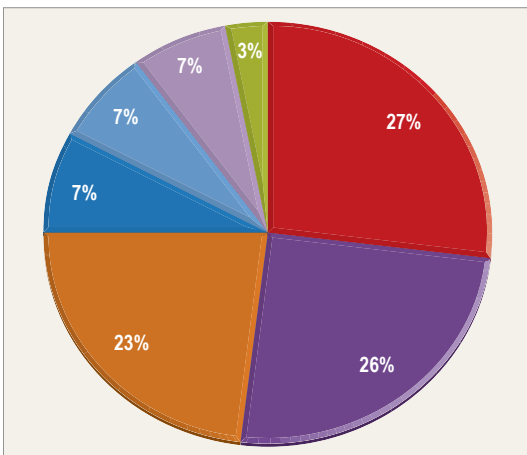


- Neonatal causes (30%)
- Pneumonia (17%)
- Diarrhoeal diseases (17%)
- Malaria (7%)
- Injuries (4%)
- Measles (4%)
- AIDS (3%)
- Others (18%)

The major causes of under-five child deaths worldwide are neonatal causes (30%), pneumonia (17%), diarrhoeal diseases (17%), malaria (7%), injuries (4%) measles (4%), AIDS (3%) and others (18%), which includes congenital anomalies.

Source: *WHO, World Health Statistics 2009.*

Causes of newborn deaths worldwide



- Preterm (27%)
- Pneumonia/infection (26%)
- Asphyxia (23%)
- Congenital (7%)
- Others (7%)
- Tetanus (7%)
- Diarrhoea (3%)

The major causes of newborn deaths worldwide are preterm (27%), pneumonia/infection (26%), asphyxia - when a newborn does not receive enough oxygen either before, during or after the birth (23%), congenital (7%), tetanus - 'lockjaw' occurs when babies are born in unsanitary conditions and are infected with the tetanus bacterium (7%), diarrhoea (3%) and others (7%). Low birthweight, which is related to maternal malnutrition, is a causal factor in 60-80% of all neonatal deaths.

Source: *The State of the World's Children 2009, UNICEF.*